Q2W1- Qs. Bank-Completing the model of the atom.

Completion

Complete each statement.

- A- electron cloudB- orbitalC- inner transition elementD- electron configurationE- 4 ElectronsF- 19 ElectronsG- 13 ElectronsF- 19 Electrons
- 1. State the total number of electrons in an atom that has each of the following electron configurations: $[He]2s^2$ 4 Electrons, $[Ne]3s^23p^1$ _____,
- 2. The last electron of a(n) _______ occupies an inner-level 4f orbital in the sixth period or a 5f orbital in the seventh period.
- 3. You can write _____ by interpreting the periodic table using *s*, *p*, *d*, and *f* blocks.
- 4. Within a sublevel, electrons fill the s _____ first.
- 5. The most stable arrangement of electrons in an atom is a(n)

Matching

Match each statement with the correct item below.

- a. s, p, d, or f within an energy d. lanthanide or actinide level
- b. can hold a maximum of two
 electrons
 cloud model
- c. $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^6$
- _____6. electron configuration
- ____7. inner transition element
- ____8. orbital
- _____9. Heisenberg uncertainty principle
- ____10.sublevel

Modified True/False

Indicate whether the statement is true or false.

- ______12. The designations used to represent electron energy sublevels in an atom are $\underline{a, b, c, and d}$.
- 13. The 1s orbital is <u>farther from</u> the nucleus than is the 2s sublevel.
- _____14. The maximum number of electrons in any p sublevel is six.
- ______15. The results of Rutherford's gold foil experiment suggested that most of an atom is solid.

____16. The maximum number of electrons in any f sublevel is 18.

- _____17.When an electron absorbs a specific amount of energy, the electron can jump to a <u>higher</u> energy level. ______
- ______18. The configuration [He] $2s^22p^4$ is an abbreviated form of the configuration 1s22s22p4.
- ____19. The three p orbitals in an energy level are arranged <u>at right angles</u> to each other. ______
- ____20.In moving from a lower energy level to a higher energy level in an atom, an electron emits energy.
- _____21. The symbol [He] stands for the electron configuration 1s22s22p6.
- ____22. The higher the frequency of electromagnetic radiation, the <u>lower</u> its wavelength.
- ____23.All s orbitals are spherical.
- ____24. In general, the closer an orbital is to the nucleus, the more energy an electron possesses.

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

25. If an atom contains six energy levels, how many sublevels does it contain? a. two c. six b. one d. four ____26.Which of the following orbitals is closest to the nucleus? c. 4*s* a. 1*s* b. 2p d. 3*d* ____27.Which of the following is the best evidence for the existence of sublevels? a. large gaps in a spectrum c. all colors of light in a spectrum b. only four lines in a spectrum d. closely spaced lines in a spectrum 28. Compare the maximum number of electrons possible in sublevel 3d with the maximum number that could be in sublevel 4d. a. There are more in 4d.b. They are impossible toc. There are more in 3d.d. They are the same. compare. ____29.A p orbital has a _____ shape. a. circular c. spherical d. dumbbell b. doughnut ____30.Transition elements have final electrons in the _____ sublevel. a.d с. р b. *f* d. s

31. If a wave has a high frequency, it also has a. high wavelength and high c. high wavelength and low energy energy b. low wavelength and high energy d. low wavelength and low energy 32. What is the highest occupied sublevel in the structure of an atom of arsenic? c. 3d a. 3p d. 3*s* b. 4p 33. What are the valence electrons in the electron configuration of tin, $[Kr] 4d^{10}5s^25p^2?$ a. $5p^2$ c. [Kr] b. $4d^{10}$ d. $5s^25p^2$ 34. An atom is in Group 2, Period 3. How many electrons does the atom contain? a. 2 c. 6 b. 3 d. 12 35. An element is most likely to have properties similar to those of . a. a transition element c. another element in the same group b. another element in the same d. a noble gas period 36. Electron 1 falls from energy level four to energy level two. Electron 2 falls from energy level three to energy level two. Which electron is more likely to emit red light? a. Neither electron could emit c. 1 red light. b. Both electrons emit red light. d. 2 37. Light is released when an electron moves from higher energy levels to a lower energy level. The resulting spectrum is a(n) _____ spectrum. a. emission c. absorption b. excitation d. lower energy 38. Which is a possible last sublevel for an element found in Group 18? a. $3p^{6}$ c. $4s^2$ b. 4p³ d. $4d^8$ 39. What element has the electron configuration of $[Ne]3s^23p^1$? a. aluminum c. sodium b. silicon d. boron 40. The conclusion that it's impossible to measure accurately both the position and the energy of an electron at the same time was made by . a. Heisenberg c. Bohr b. Dalton d. Proust
